

**Draft key to the *Malacothamnus* (Malvaceae) of the  
Sierra Nevada Mountains and Mojave Desert mountains of California  
including adjacent areas of the Central Valley and Mojave Desert  
by Keir Morse  
Updated Mar. 17, 2023**

Comments, corrections, and questions welcome at [kmorse@rsabg.org](mailto:kmorse@rsabg.org)

This key is based on dry specimen measurements. Estimated measurements for fresh material is included in [square brackets].

1. Corollas drying open after flowering; west side of the Sierras.....*M. fremontii*  
1' Corollas drying closed after flowering; west or east sides of the Sierras.....**2**
2. Calyx bracts 6–14(18) [7–17[21.5]] mm long,  $\geq 0.6x$  calyx; flower buds clearly pointed; most stellate trichomes without stipes; leaves and inflorescence often somewhat sticky due to glandular trichomes; leaves truncate to cordate at base; purportedly on the west side of the Sierras north of Springville. .... *M. marrubioides*  
2' Calyx bracts 2.5–8 [3–9.5] mm long,  $\leq 0.8x$  calyx; flower buds generally rounded to slightly pointed; many stellate trichomes with stipes; leaves and inflorescence generally not sticky; leaves generally cordate at base, rarely truncate to oblique; east side of the Sierras and west side south of Springville. .... *M. orbiculatus*

Notes:

- The flower drying character is how they dry on the plant after flowering. See figure below.
- Calyx bracts are a whorl of three bracts beneath each calyx. See figure below.
- Glandular trichomes are simple, multicellular, and often with exudate at the tip. The exudate from these trichomes is sometimes seen on the stellate trichomes.
- Stellate trichomes are nonglandular and branched from a central point. Each branch is called a ray. When stalked, the stalk is called a stipe.
- Stem trichomes are best measured from the internode just below the inflorescence.
- Plants documented along Hwy 190 between Springville and Ponderosa appear to be intermediate between *M. fremontii* and *M. orbiculatus*.
- In this region, *M. marrubioides* is only known from a single collection from near Lake Millerton, the location of which is questionable as it is out of the range of all other known specimens of this species.
- See photos of all taxa on Calphotos website: <https://calphotos.berkeley.edu/flora/sci-M.html>



*M. fremontii* flower drying open



*M. orbiculatus* flowers drying closed



**Fig\_calyx\_and\_calyx\_bracts.** Some calyx and calyx bract variation. Arrows point to calyx bracts.